ENHANCING BALI'S CULTURAL TOURISM THROUGH IMMERSIVE BALEGANJUR MUSIC EXPERIENCES Yedija Remalya Sidjabat

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ABSTRACT

This study explores the potential of Bali's *baleganjur* music as a transformative tool in cultural tourism, offering visitors not only a performance to observe but an immersive, hands-on experience. By enabling tourists to actively participate in *baleganjur* ensembles, the research highlights a model for authentic engagement that fosters deeper connections between visitors and Balinese culture. Grounded in experiential tourism and authenticity theories, the study examines how this interactive approach can enrich tourists' understanding of local heritage, enhancing both satisfaction and cultural appreciation. Findings reveal that active participation in *baleganjur* intensifies the sense of authenticity and strengthens the cultural significance of the experience, aligning with modern tourists' preference for unique, experience-based activities. By integrating *baleganjur* as an experiential product, this approach not only supports cultural preservation but also offers a competitive edge for Bali's tourism industry in an era of rising demand for genuine, transformative travel experiences.

Keywords: tourism, baleganjur, experiences

INTRODUCTION

Bali has long been recognized as one of the world's premier cultural tourism destinations, celebrated for its unique blend of arts, spirituality, and rich traditions. As a region steeped in heritage, Bali offers a diverse array of experiences through its performing arts, architecture, religious rituals, and traditional music. Among its most iconic musical forms is *baleganjur*, a traditional Balinese percussion ensemble that holds a significant role in the island's cultural identity. *Baleganjur* serves not only as an aesthetic expression but also as a medium for reinforcing community values, spirituality, and artistic creativity.

Traditionally, *baleganjur* is performed during religious processions, cremation ceremonies, and musical competitions that highlight its technical mastery and symbolic richness. This dynamic and complex art form reflects the rhythms of Balinese communal life. However, in the context of tourism, *baleganjur* is often presented as a staged performance for passive observation, limiting its potential to engage tourists on a deeper level. This raises challenges in transforming *baleganjur* into a medium that fosters meaningful cultural experiences for visitors.

As global tourism trends evolve, there is a growing shift in tourist preferences from passive cultural observation to active participation. Modern tourists increasingly seek immersive and meaningful interactions that allow them to connect authentically with local communities and traditions. This trend presents a unique opportunity to reimagine *baleganjur*

as a participatory cultural experience. Through direct involvement, such as learning and playing instruments alongside local musicians, *baleganjur* can be positioned as an innovative tourism product that offers both entertainment and educational value.

To support the development of *baleganjur* as an immersive tourism experience, Schmitt's (2010) experiential marketing theory provides a relevant conceptual framework. This theory emphasizes creating interactions that engage multiple senses, emotions, cognition, actions, and social relationships to deliver memorable experiences. In the context of *baleganjur*, experiential marketing offers valuable guidance for designing tourism experiences that engage tourists through the visual and auditory appeal of the music, the emotional connection to Balinese culture, and the social interaction with local musicians.

This study aims to explore how *baleganjur* can be developed as an immersive cultural tourism product using experiential marketing principles to create meaningful interactions between tourists and Balinese culture. By analyzing the impact of direct tourist participation in *baleganjur* performances on cultural understanding and satisfaction, this research seeks to contribute to the development of more sustainable and authentic cultural tourism strategies in Bali. Additionally, this study highlights the importance of balancing cultural preservation with adaptation to meet modern tourism demands, ensuring that *baleganjur* remains relevant while maintaining its cultural values.

Through this approach, the study not only underscores the potential of *baleganjur* to enhance Bali's tourism appeal but also proposes a tourism model that empowers local communities, supports the preservation of traditional arts, and provides tourists with a memorable and transformative cultural experience. Thus, *baleganjur* emerges as a bridge connecting tradition and innovation within the evolving landscape of cultural tourism.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This study employs a qualitative research approach to explore the potential of *baleganjur* as an immersive cultural tourism experience. A qualitative design allows for a deeper understanding of the cultural and experiential dimensions of *baleganjur* and its impact on tourists' cultural appreciation and satisfaction. The research is grounded in an interpretive framework, analyzing the interplay between tradition, cultural engagement, and tourism demands.

Data collection was conducted using multiple methods to ensure a rich and comprehensive analysis. Participant observation was carried out at *baleganjur* performances and workshops where tourists actively engaged with the music. These observations captured

both the sensory and emotional aspects of the experience, focusing on how tourists interacted with local musicians and the atmosphere created by the performances. In-depth, semistructured interviews were conducted with local *baleganjur* musicians and cultural practitioners to understand their perspectives on the evolving role of *baleganjur* in tourism. Additionally, interviews with participating tourists provided insights into their experiences, levels of cultural understanding, and satisfaction. Tourism professionals were also interviewed to explore strategies for integrating *baleganjur* into cultural tourism offerings. Document analysis of tourism reports, scholarly articles, and promotional materials featuring *baleganjur* was used to contextualize and support the findings.

Thematic analysis was employed to process the data, guided by Schmitt's experiential marketing framework. The analysis focused on key themes including sensory engagement (Sense), emotional connection (Feel), cognitive learning (Think), physical participation (Act), and social interaction (Relate). These themes helped to identify patterns and insights into how *baleganjur* experiences align with experiential marketing principles and enhance cultural tourism.

Ethical considerations were integral to this research. Informed consent was obtained from all participants, and measures were taken to ensure anonymity and confidentiality. The study also respected cultural sensitivities, particularly those associated with the traditional and ceremonial aspects of *baleganjur*. While the findings provide valuable insights, the study is limited to qualitative perspectives within a specific cultural and geographic context. Future research could expand upon these findings using quantitative methods or comparative studies with other cultural tourism practices.

This methodological framework ensures a thorough exploration of how *baleganjur* can be reimagined as an immersive cultural tourism experience, balancing its authenticity with its potential for broader tourism applications.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The findings from this study reveal the substantial potential of *baleganjur* music to enhance Bali's cultural tourism through immersive experiences. By engaging tourists in participatory activities, *baleganjur* not only deepens cultural appreciation but also creates memorable and emotionally fulfilling encounters. The discussion highlights key themes derived from the data, examining how *baleganjur* aligns with Schmitt's experiential marketing framework and the broader implications for Bali's tourism industry.

One of the most significant results is the enhancement of cultural connection through direct engagement with *baleganjur*. Tourists who participated in *baleganjur* workshops or performances reported a deeper understanding and appreciation of Balinese culture. They described the experience as transformative, noting that actively playing the instruments allowed them to connect with the music and its cultural significance in ways that passive observation could not achieve. Many tourists expressed a sense of reverence for the complexity and spirituality embedded in *baleganjur*, which they might not have understood had they merely watched a staged performance. This direct involvement enabled tourists to engage both intellectually and emotionally with Balinese traditions, fostering a sense of cultural immersion that is often absent in conventional tourism.

From the perspective of local musicians, the integration of *baleganjur* into participatory tourism was also viewed positively. Musicians highlighted that tourist involvement brought renewed appreciation for *baleganjur* beyond its traditional contexts. While *baleganjur* is historically tied to ceremonial functions such as cremation rituals and processions, its adaptation for tourism provided new opportunities to showcase the art form. Musicians noted that workshops and interactive sessions served as platforms to educate tourists about the cultural and spiritual meanings behind *baleganjur*, ensuring that the traditions were respected and understood. Moreover, many musicians felt that these activities helped preserve the relevance of *baleganjur* in modern contexts, bridging the gap between tradition and contemporary applications.

Another critical finding is the impact of participatory *baleganjur* activities on tourist satisfaction and memory retention. Participants consistently rated the experience as highly satisfying, emphasizing the sensory engagement and emotional resonance of playing the instruments. The dynamic rhythms and physicality of *baleganjur* appealed to tourists' senses (Sense), while the communal nature of the activity evoked feelings of excitement and fulfillment (Feel). Many participants noted that learning and performing the music alongside Balinese musicians instilled a sense of accomplishment and connection, making the experience particularly memorable. The act of playing the instruments (Act) also stood out as a unique feature, distinguishing *baleganjur* from more passive forms of cultural tourism.

The memorability of the experience was further enhanced by the opportunity to engage socially with local musicians (Relate). Tourists valued the interactions they had with Balinese artists, describing these exchanges as enriching and insightful. Through conversations and shared activities, tourists gained a deeper understanding of Balinese culture and the significance of *baleganjur* within it. Musicians similarly expressed appreciation for

these interactions, viewing them as opportunities to share their knowledge and build relationships with international visitors. However, the depth of these interactions varied depending on the format of the experience. Smaller workshops allowed for more meaningful connections, while larger group sessions sometimes limited personal engagement. Despite these variations, the social dimension remained a critical factor in enhancing the overall impact of *baleganjur* experiences.

While the integration of *baleganjur* into tourism has many benefits, the findings also highlight challenges in balancing tradition with modern tourism needs. One recurring concern among musicians was the potential for cultural dilution. Adapting *baleganjur* for tourism often requires simplification to accommodate participants with no prior musical experience. While this adaptation makes *baleganjur* more accessible, it risks reducing the complexity and depth of the art form. Musicians emphasized the importance of preserving the authenticity of *baleganjur* by maintaining its traditional structures and symbolic meanings, even as it is adapted for tourism.

Logistical challenges also emerged as a consideration in the implementation of participatory *baleganjur* activities. The availability of trained facilitators who can guide tourists effectively while preserving cultural integrity was identified as a critical factor. Additionally, the need for suitable venues that balance accessibility with cultural authenticity was emphasized. These logistical aspects require careful planning and coordination to ensure that *baleganjur* activities align with both the expectations of tourists and the values of the local community.

The findings strongly align with Schmitt's experiential marketing framework, demonstrating how *baleganjur* engages tourists across multiple dimensions. The sensory appeal of *baleganjur* through its dynamic sounds and vibrant visual performance captivates participants, fulfilling the Sense module of Schmitt's framework. Emotional connections are forged as tourists immerse themselves in the rhythms and communal energy of the music, addressing the Feel component. Cognitive engagement is achieved as participants learn about the cultural and historical significance of *baleganjur*, aligning with the Think module. The physical act of playing the instruments fulfill the Act dimension, while the social interactions with musicians and other participants complete the Relate module. Together, these elements create a comprehensive and immersive experience that resonates with modern tourists.

The implications of these findings for Bali's tourism industry are significant. The integration of *baleganjur* as an immersive experience offers a unique value proposition, distinguishing Bali from other cultural destinations. By providing tourists with opportunities

to engage directly with Balinese traditions, *baleganjur* experiences cater to the growing demand for authentic and participatory tourism. This not only enhances tourist satisfaction but also contributes to cultural sustainability by raising awareness and appreciation for Balinese heritage among international audiences. Moreover, the involvement of local musicians in tourism activities empowers communities by providing them with opportunities to share their art while generating economic benefits.

However, realizing the full potential of *baleganjur* in tourism requires addressing the challenges identified in this study. Collaborative efforts between cultural practitioners, tourism operators, and local communities are essential to ensure that *baleganjur* activities are designed and implemented ethically. Clear guidelines and standards should be established to maintain the authenticity of *baleganjur* while adapting it for tourism. This includes ensuring that facilitators are well-trained and that workshops are conducted in ways that respect the cultural and spiritual significance of *baleganjur*. Additionally, investment in infrastructure, such as venues that support participatory activities, can enhance the overall experience for both tourists and local stakeholders.

The findings also underscore the potential for *baleganjur* to serve as a model for other traditional art forms seeking to adapt to tourism. By leveraging Schmitt's experiential marketing principles, cultural practices can be reimagined as immersive experiences that meet the needs of contemporary tourists while preserving their traditional essence. This balance between tradition and innovation is critical for ensuring the sustainability of cultural tourism in Bali and beyond.

In conclusion, this study demonstrates that *baleganjur* has significant potential as an immersive cultural tourism experience. Its ability to engage tourists across sensory, emotional, cognitive, physical, and social dimensions aligns well with modern tourism trends. While challenges remain in balancing cultural preservation with tourism adaptation, the findings highlight the importance of collaborative efforts and strategic planning in realizing the benefits of *baleganjur* for Bali's tourism industry. By embracing immersive and participatory approaches, *baleganjur* can continue to thrive as both a cultural treasure and a dynamic component of Bali's evolving tourism landscape.

CONCLUSION

This study has demonstrated the significant potential of *baleganjur* music to enhance Bali's cultural tourism through immersive and participatory experiences. By transitioning from a traditional performance model to one that actively involves tourists, *baleganjur* can meet the

growing demand for authentic cultural engagement in tourism. Using Schmitt's experiential marketing framework as a guiding concept, this research has illustrated how the multidimensional appeal of *baleganjur*—its sensory richness, emotional resonance, cognitive depth, physical engagement, and social connectivity—can create memorable and meaningful experiences for visitors.

The findings underscore that direct involvement in *baleganjur* performances not only elevates tourists' cultural appreciation but also deepens their connection to Balinese heritage. Tourists reported heightened satisfaction and memorability through hands-on activities that allowed them to engage directly with the music and its cultural context. At the same time, local musicians recognized these interactions as opportunities to share their knowledge and artistry while preserving the relevance of *baleganjur* in a rapidly changing world. This dynamic of mutual benefit highlights the potential for *baleganjur* to serve as a bridge between tradition and modernity, ensuring its sustainability as a cultural and economic asset.

However, this study also brings to light critical challenges that need to be addressed. Chief among these is the tension between maintaining the authenticity of *baleganjur* and adapting it for tourism. Simplification and commodification for tourist accessibility risk eroding the artistic and spiritual depth of *baleganjur*. Additionally, logistical issues, such as the availability of skilled facilitators and appropriate venues, further complicate the implementation of participatory baleganjur activities. These challenges require thoughtful and collaborative solutions to ensure that the integration of *baleganjur* into tourism does not undermine its cultural essence.

The implications of this study are significant for Bali's tourism industry. Immersive *baleganjur* experiences offer a unique value proposition that can differentiate Bali from other cultural tourism destinations. They provide tourists with deeper and more meaningful interactions while contributing to the preservation and appreciation of Balinese traditions. Moreover, such initiatives have the potential to empower local communities by creating economic opportunities for musicians and reinforcing the importance of traditional arts in modern contexts.

Nonetheless, the success of this integration depends on a balanced approach that respects the dual objectives of cultural preservation and tourism innovation. Stakeholders must work together to design experiences that remain true to the cultural and symbolic significance of *baleganjur* while meeting the expectations of modern tourists. This includes establishing ethical guidelines, investing in training for facilitators, and developing infrastructure that supports immersive activities without disrupting traditional practices.

In the broader context of cultural tourism, *baleganjur* serves as a compelling case study for how traditional art forms can adapt to contemporary tourism trends. Its ability to provide multi-sensory and socially engaging experiences aligns with global shifts towards experiential tourism. By leveraging frameworks such as Schmitt's experiential marketing theory, other cultural practices can similarly explore pathways to innovation while preserving their heritage.

In conclusion, *baleganjur* exemplifies how traditional arts can thrive in the modern tourism landscape when carefully managed. Its integration as an immersive tourism product not only enhances tourist satisfaction but also promotes cultural sustainability and community empowerment. As Bali continues to navigate the complexities of global tourism, *baleganjur* offers a model for balancing the preservation of cultural identity with the demands of an ever-evolving tourism market. This delicate balance will be key to ensuring that Bali remains a leading cultural destination, where heritage is not only celebrated but actively shared and sustained for future generations.

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